

Safety Data Sheet

SDS #: TCW 0197 R - 01 US EN Issuing date: 30-Jan-2009 Revision date: 14-May-2015

Version: 02

SECTION 1: Product and company identification

Product Identifier

Canon GPR-29 Cyan Toner (for Laser Beam Printer) **Product name**

2643B004 Product Code(s)

Toner for electrophotographic machines Use

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

Canon USA, Inc.

One Canon Park, Melville, NY 11747, USA Phone number: 1-800-OK-CANON

Emergency phone number: 24 Hr. Emergency CHEMTREC # 1-800-424-9300

Canon Canada Inc.

6390 Dixie Road, Mississauga, Ontario L5T 1P7, Canada

Phone number: (1) 905-795-1111

Emergency phone number: 24 Hr. Emergency CHEMTREC # 1-800-424-9300

Manufacturer

Canon Inc.

30-2, Shimomaruko 3-Chome, Ohta-ku, Tokyo 146-8501, Japan

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Emergency Overview

Cyan fine powder, slight plastic odor.

Classification under OSHA HCS

Not classified

US Label Elements under OSHA HCS

Symbol

Not required

Signal word

Not required

Hazard statements

Not required

Precautionary statements

Not required

Other Information

None

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical name	CAS-No	Weight %
Styrene acrylate copolymer	CBI	80 - 90
Wax	CBI	5 - 10
Pigment	СВІ	5 - 10
Amorphous silica	7631-86-9	1 - 3

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

Inhalation Move to fresh air. Get medical attention immediately if symptoms occur.

Ingestion Rinse mouth. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water. Get medical attention immediately if symptoms

occur.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. Get medical attention immediately if

symptoms occur.

Eye Contact Flush with plenty of water. Get medical attention immediately if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

InhalationNone under normal use. Exposure to excessive amounts of dust may cause physical

irritation to respiratory tract.

Ingestion None under normal use.

Skin Contact None under normal use.

Eye Contact None under normal use. May cause slight irritation.

Chronic Effects None under normal use. Prolonged inhalation of excessive amounts of dust may cause lung

damage.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam, Water.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

None

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Special Hazard

May form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Carbon monoxide (CO)

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Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

None

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid breathing dust. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Environmental Precautions

Keep out of waterways.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean up promptly by scoop or vacuum. If a vacuum cleaner is used, be sure to use a model with dust explosion safety measures. May form explosive mixtures with air.

Other Information

None

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Avoid breathing dust. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly. Use only with adequate ventilation.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep out of the reach of children. Incompatible with oxidizing agents.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Exposure guidelines

Chemical name	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV
Amorphous silica	TWA: 20 mppcf	None
7631-86-9	: (80)/(% SiO2) mg/m³ TWA	

Appropriate engineering controls None under normal use conditions.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face ProtectionNot required under normal use.Skin ProtectionNot required under normal use.Respiratory ProtectionNot required under normal use.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

AppearanceCyan ; powderOdorSlight odorOdor thresholdNo data available

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pH Not Applicable

Melting/Freezing point (°C) 80-130 (Softening point)

Boiling Point/Range (°C)Not ApplicableFlash Point (°C)Not ApplicableEvaporation RateNot Applicable

Flammability (solid, gas)

Not flammable; estimated

Flammability Limits in Air

Upper Flammability Limit
Lower Flammability Limit
Vapor pressure
Vapor Density
Relative density

Not Applicable
Not Applicable
Not Applicable
1.0-1.2

Solubility(ies) Organic solvent; partly soluble

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Autoignition Temperature (°C)

Not Applicable
No data available

Decomposition Temperature (°C) > 200

Viscosity (mPa s) Not Applicable

Other Information

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

None

Chemical stability

Stable

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None

Conditions to Avoid

None

Incompatible materials

Acids, Bases, Oxidizing agents, Reducing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Carbon monoxide (CO)

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Estimate: LD50 > 2000 mg/kg (Ingestion)

Skin corrosion/irritation Estimate: Non-irritant

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Estimate: Transient slight conjunctival irritation only.

Sensitization Estimate: Non-sensitizing

Germ cell mutagenicity Ames Test (S. typhimurium, E. coli): Negative

Carcinogenicity No data available

Reproductive Toxicity No data available

STOT - single exposure No data available

STOT - repeated exposure Muhle et al. reported pulmonary response upon chronic inhalation exposure in rats to a

toner enriched in respirable-sized particles compared to commercial toner. No pulmonary change was found at 1 mg/m³ which is most relevant to potential human exposure. A minimal to mild degree of fibrosis was noted in 22% of the animals at 4 mg/m³, and a mild to moderate degree of fibrosis was observed in 92% of the animals at 16 mg/m³. These findings are attributed to "lung overloading", a generic response to excessive

amounts of any dust retained in the lung for a prolonged interval.

Aspiration hazard No data available

Other Information No data available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

Ecotoxicity effects

Estimate: Fish, 96h LC50 > 100 mg/l Estimate: Crustaceans, 48h EC50 > 100 mg/l Estimate: Algae, ErC50(0-72h) > 100 mg/l

Persistence and degradability

No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

DO NOT put toner or a toner container into fire. Heated toner may cause severe burns. DO NOT dispose of a toner container in a plastic crusher. Use a facility with dust explosion prevention measures. Finely dispersed particles form explosive mixtures with air. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

UN number None

UN Proper Shipping Name None

Transport Hazard Class None

Packing Group None

Environmental Hazards No special environmental precautions required.

Special Precautions for users None

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of

MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not Applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

TSCA Sec. 4,5,6,7,8,12b None SARA Title III Sec. 313 None California Proposition 65 None

CEPA Sec. 81 None (Manufactured Item)
HPA (WHMIS) None (Manufactured Article)

Other Information None

SECTION 16: Other information

Key literature references and sources for data

- U.S. Department of Labor, 29CFR Part 1910
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 40CFR Part 372
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 40CFR Part 700-799
- U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission, 16CFR Part 1500
- ACGIH, Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents and Biological Exposure Indices
- U.S. Department of Health and Human Services National Toxicology Program, Annual Report on Carcinogens
- World Health Organization International Agency for Research on Cancer, IARC Monographs on the Evaluation on the Carcinogenic Risk of Chemicals to Humans
- California EPA, Code of Regulations Title 27. Division 4. Chapter 1. Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986
- Environment Canada, Canadian Environmental Protection Act, 1999
- Health Canada, Hazardous Products Act, and Controlled Products Regulations
- Canada Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

- OSHA HCS: Occupational Safety and Health Act, Hazard Communication Standard (USA)
- FHSA: Federal Hazardous Substances Act
- IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
- OSHA PEL: PEL(Permissible Exposure Limit) under Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USA)
- ACGIH TLV: TLV(Threshold Limit Value) under American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
- TWA: Time Weighted Average
- STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
- TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act
- SARA Title III: SARA Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986
- Proposition 65: Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986
- CEPA: Canadian Environmental Protection Act, 1999
- HPA: Hazardous Products Act
- WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System
- CBI: Confidential Business Information

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Revision Note Entirely revised

Disclaimer

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